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(54) **Method and apparatus for providing electronic program guide information**

Verfahren und Gerät zur Bereitstellung einer elektronischen Programmübersicht

Méthode et appareil d'obtention d'un guide de programme électronique

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EP-A- 0 697 789 US-A- 5 585 838
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• **WITTIG H ET AL: "INTELLIGENT MEDIA AGENTS
IN INTERACTIVE TELEVISION SYSTEMS"
PROCEEDINGS OF THE INTERNATIONAL
CONFERENCE ON MULTIMEDIA COMPUTING
AND SYSTEMS, 15 May 1995, pages 182-189,
XP000603484**

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Description**FIELD OF THE INVENTION**

5 **[0001]** The present invention generally relates to receiving information from a single service provider and, more particularly, it relates to obtaining an Electronic Program Guide (EPG) containing TV schedule information for substantially all terrestrial broadcast TV stations, substantially all cable TV companies, substantially all satellite TV delivery services, substantially all telco TV delivery services and substantially all other types of available TV service to the home from a dedicated Electronic Program Guide Server (EPGS) and providing this information to a viewer.

BACKGROUND OF THE INVENTION

10 **[0002]** Currently, television receivers in North American homes are able to obtain Electronic Program Guide (EPG) data through the Vertical Blanking Interval (VBI) of NTSC signals. These are carried on a specific terrestrial channel (typically a local Public Broadcast Service (PBS) station) or on a specific cable TV station. Starsight Telecast™ is one provider of a VBI EPG service and typically charges a fee of \$6 per month.

15 **[0003]** The television receiver includes special hardware and software designed or licensed by Starsight to the various television manufacturers. The format of the transmission is proprietary as is the hardware and software used in the television receiver to decode and display the information. The data rate of the data transmission is 960 bps. The EPG data signal contains information for every cable system and terrestrial TV station in the area covered by the PBS station resulting in a great portion of the received data being of no use to the viewer. This system has a drawback in that, given the slow communications speed and the amount of data sent, it may take as long as 12-24 hours for a particular user to obtain a complete data set.

20 **[0004]** Acquisition of the EPG data is accomplished only if the television receiver is tuned to the specific channel that carries the transmission. Typically, this requires the television receiver be tuned to the provider channel (i.e. PBS) while the television is not in use, such as overnight.

25 **[0005]** Another system for providing EPG data through the VBI is planned by Gemstar. However, these broadcasts will be provided by the networks such as ABC, NBC, CBS and their affiliates. This system has the drawback that the networks will only provide their own respective programming information. Therefore, the viewer will be required to select each and every channel over a period of time in order to build up a collection of schedules for all of the television stations of interest.

30 **[0006]** Other service providers, such as DirecTV™, Primestar™ and EchoStar™, also provide EPGs through special transport packets in the digital data stream of the signal. This same approach will be used by Digital Cable and Wireless Cable services (MMDS).

35 **[0007]** With the increased popularity of PCs and the advent of the Internet, certain companies now provide EPGs over the Internet. These EPGs are accessible by computers and the information is displayed on the computer display monitor. Information provided by these services include the program schedules for the major terrestrial stations as well as cable networks.

40 **[0008]** The data presented by the Internet services are described in graphical form, such as HTML. The PC simply displays the EPG in the way it was sent from the Web Site. This system has a drawback in that the graphical format adds excessive overhead and the attendant throughput problems associated with such large blocks of data. The intelligence for responding to subscriber requests for day/date specific TV schedules, the graphical form in which it is displayed, the sorting abilities, etc. are under the control of the Web Server.

45 **[0009]** Another conventional system, as disclosed in U.S. Patent 5,121,476 to Yee, provides information to a viewer via a television receiver display. In this conventional method the digital data is superimposed on the analog video signal at the video signal source. When the video signal is received by the television receiver, the digital data, which appears as low-level noise in the received image, is extracted and stored in a memory for selective access and display of the data. In this conventional method, the decoder may be internal or external to the television receiver.

50 **[0010]** In another conventional system, information is provided to the viewer by obtaining data via a link. Such a system is described in U.S. Patent 4,751,578 to Reiter et al. In this system the video signal from the antenna or cable TV source is received and demodulated. The data is then converted into video data and mixed with the demodulated video signal received from the antenna or cable TV input. Finally, the combination of video data and demodulated video signal is re-modulated and sent to the input of the television receiver for further processing and display to the viewer.

55 **[0011]** U.S. Patent no. 5,585,838 concerns an electronic program guide for an interactive television system. The program guide provides the viewer with information concerning television programs that are offered by the service. This guide is provided via the same communications channel as the programs and is formatted and displayed as a separate channel received by the viewer's television receiver.

[0012] U.S. Patent no. 5,592,551 relates to an electronic program guide that is formatted and provided by a cable

television (CATV) system to describe television programs that are offered to subscribers by the CATV system. The guide is provided via the CATV system and is transmitted in the vertical blanking interval of one or more of the television signals that are sent through the CATV system.

U.S. Patent no. 5,589,982 concerns a television program guide service that is provided to CATV systems. The CATV systems select information from the guide and transmit it to their subscribers to describe the programs that are offered by the respective CATV systems. The guide information is formatted by the CATV system into the vertical blanking interval of one or more of the television signals sent through the CATV system and processed by a set-top-box at the viewer's location into a separate television signal. This signal may overlay programming information that is also provided by the set-top-box.

SUMMARY OF THE INVENTION

[0013] The present invention overcomes the above mentioned disadvantages by providing a method and apparatus for requesting, receiving, processing, and providing information containing substantially all of the television information for a region from a dedicated EPG server to a television viewer as set out in appended claims 1 and 19. First, a television receiver requests the information by accessing a local information provider via a communications link. The specific requested information is downloaded by the server to the television receiver via the communications link and is separate and distinct from video information received by the television receiver. The information provided by the server is minimally formatted and does not contain any graphical information. The received information is processed, formatted, and provided to the viewer for display on the television receiver screen.

[0014] According to another aspect of the present invention, the selection of displayed information is made by the television receiver.

[0015] According to another aspect of the present invention, the selection of displayed information is made by the EPGS.

[0016] According to another aspect of the present invention, the communications link is a telephone.

[0017] According to another aspect of the present invention, the communications link is a cable television line.

[0018] According to another aspect of the present invention, the EPG is aurally provided to the viewer via an audio system.

[0019] According to another aspect of the present invention, a memory is used to store the processed information for later retrieval and display or annunciation to the viewer.

[0020] According to another aspect of the present invention, the EPGS information is requested at a predetermined time based on either subscriber information or a randomly assigned time determined by the EPGS at initial subscription.

[0021] According to another aspect of the present invention, the information is decoded and displayed by using the closed caption device contained within the television receiver.

[0022] According to a further aspect of the present invention, the information is displayed in the foreground of the video image or superimposed on the video image.

[0023] According to another aspect of the present invention, the request for information includes a viewer profile created at the time of viewer subscription and subsequently updated as needed.

[0024] According to another aspect of the present invention, the viewer profile includes viewer programming preferences, viewer address, and viewer telephone area code and exchange information.

[0025] According to another aspect of the present invention, the EPGS uses the telephone exchange and area code of the viewer in order to determine the channels that are available to the viewer, through cable television services for example, as well as channel assignments.

[0026] According to another aspect of the present invention, the request for information is made using predetermined menu selections by the viewer.

[0027] According to another aspect of the present invention, the menus are created by the EPGS based on the viewer profile.

[0028] According to another aspect of the present invention, the menus are created by the television receiver.

[0029] According to another aspect of the present invention, the menus are customized by the viewer.

[0030] According to another aspect of the present invention, the television receiver provides additional service information to the EPGS, such as direct satellite broadcast systems, telephone subscription services, etc., to which the user is linked.

[0031] According to another aspect of the present invention, the viewer requests information for a specified period of time.

[0032] According to another aspect of the present invention, the information provided to the viewer contains program ratings, summaries, and capsule reviews.

[0033] According to another aspect of the present invention, the information provided by the EPGS contains time data for updating or resetting the internal clock of the television receiver.

BRIEF DESCRIPTION OF THE DRAWINGS

[0034] The invention is best understood from the following detailed description when read in connection with the accompanying drawings, in which:

Figure 1 is a high level functional block diagram of an exemplary embodiment of the present invention.

Figure 2 is a block diagram of a first exemplary embodiment of the present invention.

Figure 3 is a block diagram of a second exemplary embodiment of the present invention.

Figure 4 is a high level functional block diagram of another exemplary embodiment of the present invention.

Figure 5 is a block diagram of the exemplary embodiment of Figure 4.

DETAILED DESCRIPTION

[0035] The present invention provides for requesting, receiving, processing and displaying Electronic Program Guide (EPG) information to a television viewer. The present invention requests program information from an Electronic Program Guide Service (EPGS), receives the requested information, and processes and displays the information to the viewer. The information obtained includes substantially all of the TV related information of interest to the viewer. This information is based on the entire country, a region such as the North East or South West, a Tri-state area, or a collection of cities in an area determined by the viewer's location. Examples of such information are terrestrial broadcast TV schedules, satellite service TV schedules, cable company TV schedules, telco delivery service TV schedules, as well as program ratings, summaries, capsule reviews, and the like.

[0036] Figure 1 is a high level block diagram of the present invention. Television receiver 100 requests EPG information from EPGS 108 through television receiver interface 104 connected to EPGS interface 110 via communications link 106. The requested information is obtained from EPGS database 112 and transmitted from EPGS 108 through EPGS interface 110 over communications link 106 to television receiver interface 104 within television receiver 100. The information is then processed and displayed to the viewer on display 102.

[0037] It should be noted that the communication link may be for example, a telephone link or a cable system service link. The communication link is not limited to these examples, however. In the exemplary telephone link, an interface including a modem with a communication speed of 28.8 kbps, for example, may be used. This data rate is significantly higher than the data rate of convention vertical blanking interval (VBI) based systems. The exemplary user interface initiates communication with the server and controls the communications process.

[0038] The request for EPGS information may be made on demand by the viewer or at a predetermined time. The predetermined time may be selected by EPGS 108, for example, when a subscriber initially sets up the service, in order to avoid communication delays, and stored in a Non-Volatile Memory (NVM) (not shown) within television receiver 100. This predetermined time is typically during late evening or early morning hours when communication traffic is reduced, although any time of day may be used. In the event that television receiver 100 loses track of time, for example, due too a loss of power for an extended time, EPGS 108 may update the clock (not shown) contained in television receiver 100 when the data from the next data request is received, or television receiver 100 may attempt to connect to EPGS 108 automatically at power-up whenever standby power has been lost.

[0039] Figure 2 shows exemplary signal flow and control within television receiver 100. Processor 220 initiates and controls interface 204 to request information from EPGS 108 over communications link 206. When EPGS 108 responds with the requested data, interface 204 sends the data to processor 220. Processor 220, which, in this example, is part of the Closed Caption circuit (not shown), decodes and formats the data into RGB data for display. A/V switching circuit 228 is switched to connect the RGB data containing the formatted EPG data to the Video IF (VIF) 222. VIF 222 combines the received information in RGB format, as provided by the closed caption circuit, with the video RGB received from tuner 218 and forwards this combined video to Video Control Jungle (VCJ) logic circuitry 226 for display on the television receiver screen. VCJ logic circuitry 226 controls the timing of the insertion of the generated text into the active video. Processor 220 may also contain or be connected to a memory (not shown) which holds the formatted data for display on the television receiver screen. The use of a memory allows the information to be downloaded and stored as encoded data for future use instead of being displayed as it is received. Processor 224 also controls the display of the on-screen functions of the television receiver, such as volume level, channel number, color, tint, brightness, contrast, etc.

[0040] Processor 224 controls the display of the decoded information on the television receiver display. The information may be displayed, for example, superimposed on the video image data or independent of any video image data. The information may be shown on one or several lines at a time and may scroll vertically or horizontally if desired.

The information may be placed in an area selected by the viewer, for example, such as at the bottom of the display. The color of the displayed information may be selected from a predetermined pallet of colors by the viewer. However, if desired, any one or combinations of these features may be eliminated, in order to simplify the system and minimize cost. Additionally, the display size of the information may, for example, be reduced or enlarged from the predetermined display size.

[0041] Figure 3 shows the signal flow of another exemplary embodiment of the present invention. In this example, interface 304, communications link 306, tuner 318, VIF 322, and VCJ 326 correspond to elements 204, 206, 218, 222, and 226, respectively, as shown in figure 2 and are not described further. Processor 324 controls, processes, and formats the EPG data transfer using the circuitry which produces the on-screen display. This simplified version requires very little hardware and is very cost effective. Processor 324 may include or be connected to a memory (not shown), as explained above, to allow for storage and retrieval of EPG data for later display.

[0042] The EPGS database 112 contains substantially all television information for the nation, region or state. A region may be a specific section of the country such as the Northeast or Southwest, a tri-state area or a collection of cities in an area, for example. The database may also contain, in addition to programming information, program ratings, summaries and capsule reviews, for example.

[0043] The EPGS may be subscribed to on a monthly basis, such as how one subscribes to a cable service, or based on usage, such as by the minute with a minimum connection fee similar to a 1-900 service, for example.

[0044] The viewer may desire the entire information database or only a portion thereof. For example, the viewer may be able to preselect specific information of interest by using a menu system as shown in Tables 1A and 1B. The user determines what is of particular interest on the main menu as shown in Table 1A. The viewer is then presented with a submenu, such as shown in Table 1B, for example.

TABLE 1A

MENU SELECTIONS	
ANTENNA	
CABLE SERVICE 1	CABLE SERVICE 2
SATELLITE SERVICE 1	SATELLITE SERVICE 2
TELCO SERVICE 1	TELCO SERVICE 2

TABLE 1B

SATELLITE/CABLE/TELCO SUBMENU

ALL TITLES	COMEDIES	DRAMA	SCI-FI
CHILDREN	MATURE		
PROGRAM SUMMARY		CAPSULE REVIEW	
TIME RANGE _____ TO _____			
DATE RANGE _____ TO _____			
TODAY ONLY			

[0045] This subset of information is then requested by the television receiver and subsequently received, processed and displayed to the viewer. The viewer is then able to more quickly view this subset of information and there is efficient use of the available data bandwidth. The menu system, for example, may be predetermined in the manufacture of the television receiver or may be provided by the EPGS.

[0046] The viewer may also limit the amount of data obtained from the EPGS by using the scan list contained in the television receiver as a filter. In this way the EPGS provides filtered information from the database to the viewer. This reduces the transmission time and increases the data throughput.

[0047] The scan list is typically constructed by the television receiver during initial setup by the viewer. Upon command from the viewer, the television receiver searches for all available television stations. When a station having a viewable signal is found the channel number of that station is added to the scan list. The television receiver repeats this procedure until the entire band available to the television receiver is scanned. The user also has the ability to delete channels from the scan list, such as those which are watched infrequently, as another way to minimize the amount of data received from the EPGS. The EPGS is able to configure the information based on the scan list since the EPGS is able to determine which cable company services the viewer subscribes to by virtue of the viewer profile and the viewer's telephone area code and exchange.

[0048] The amount of data obtained from the EPGS may be further limited by means of a viewer profile provided to the EPGS during user subscription initialization. The user profile may include, for example, services to which the user subscribes, such as satellite services, telco services, etc., as well as the TV channel scan list described above. In addition, the viewer profile may contain the viewer's address, area code and telephone exchange, as well as program preferences. The program preferences may delete any particular form of programming, such as all sports programming or programs rated R or TV M for example, and include any form of programming, such as classical music programs. The viewer profile may be subsequently updated as desired by the user.

[0049] The information from the EPGS is provided with minimal formatting, or as a text string of fixed length, and is not laden with any graphical information. This allows for hardware simplicity and very low cost. Table 2A is an exemplary implementation of a text string of fixed length sent from the EPGS.

TABLE 2A

HEADER	PROVIDER	CHANNEL	STATION	START	TITLE	RATING	DURATION
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HEADER - TYPE OF DATA

00 Time of Day/MMDDYY

01 Program data

PROVIDER

ANT; DirTV; USSB; CABLE 1; TELCO 2; etc.

CHANNEL :1-999

STATION - 4 Alphanumeric Characters

START - Half hour increments - 00-47

00 - Midnight; 01- 12:30 AM; 02 - 1 AM; 47 - 11:30 PM

TITLE - 30 Alpha numeric Characters

RATING - TV G; TV PG; TV M; etc.

DURATION - 5 minute increments

e.g. 20 = 1 hour

[0050] Text string is made up of Header field, Service Provider field, Channel field, Station field, Start field, Title field, Rating field, and a Duration field. In this example, the duration field indicates five minute increments, although other implementations may be used which increase or decrease the precision of the duration field, such as 1 minute or 10 minute increments. The text string may also be implemented in a number of ways without departing from the invention. In this example, EPG information is for the current day. Additional implementations may add fields for date of program,

summary, and capsule review.

[0051] Table 2B is an example of EPG information for a single program using the exemplary implementation of Table 2A.

TABLE 2B

01	USSB	012	TBS_	38	STAR WARS	TV G	55
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Channel information for USSB service TBS station on channel 12 with a start time of 7PM for STAR WARS which is rated TV G and lasts for 2 hours and 45 minutes.

[0052] In addition, the data from the EPGS may contain additional information which may be used by the television receiver to format the data prior to display so as to provide the viewer with more than program title and time information.

[0053] The information may be displayed in a variety of ways. In order to reduce hardware and keep costs low, the closed caption circuitry contained within the television receiver may be used to decode and display the information to the viewer. In this case, the information may be displayed according to the closed caption hardware. Examples of closed caption decoder hardware are discussed in an article by M. Harigai et al. entitled LSI Chip Set for Closed Caption Decoder System", IEEE Transactions on Consumer Electronics, vol. 37, no. 3 pp. 449-454 (August 1991), and in a paper by U. Moller et al. entitled "A Single Chip Solution for Closed-Caption Decoding", IEEE Transactions on Consumer Electronics, vol. 38, no. 3, pp. 274-278 (August 1992). However, the present invention is not limited in this sense and may also employ addition enhancements for high end, high performance television receivers to improve graphical resolution of the displayed information.

[0054] Additional circuitry may be added to provide the viewer with various options as the display of the information provided by the closed caption decoder. For example, the user may wish to superimpose the information on the video display without occluding a portion of the display, such as that which occurs in a closed caption display. Furthermore the viewer may wish to adjust the rate at which the information is presented. If so desired, the viewer may display the data on a blank screen (without a video image) in various formats, such as 20 rows of 40 characters each. This display format may be fixed in order to simplify hardware and reduce cost or, in higher end television receivers, may be varied by the viewer if desired.

[0055] Table 3A is an example of how the EPG may be displayed on the television receiver screen. The display may indicate the service provider, channel designation, station name, start time, title, duration, and current time of day. The display may also allow the viewer to select a program directly from the display for viewing as shown by the asterisk in line 3 of table 3A. This selection may also be accomplished by highlighting the desired program on the display or by any other means. The title may be abbreviated or truncated in order to meet a fixed field requirement. The fields may be color coded on the screen with a background color and/or a foreground color for ease of viewer differentiation. These color fields may be predetermined or viewer selectable.

TABLE 3A

6:55 PM							
SEL	SERV	CH	STATION	TIME	TITLE	RATING	LENGTH
*	CAB1	2	CBS	7 PM	MURDER SHE WROTE	TV G	1:00
	ANT	3	NBC	7 PM	NATIONAL NEWS	NR	:30
	USSB	4	HBO	7 PM	FREE WILLY 2	TV G	1:50

[0056] Tables 3B and 3C show examples of an abbreviated title and a title truncated to 10 characters, respectively. In addition, the rating of the program is abbreviated such that an unrated program (TV NR) will not contain rating information and all other rating will eliminate the TV prefix (TV G will become G). As mentioned above, the title is formatted at the EPGS source but may also be formatted by the television receiver if desired.

TABLE 3B

6:55 PM							
SEL	SERV	CH	STATION	TIME	TITLE	RATING	LENGTH
*	CAB1	2	CBS	7 PM	MURDR SHE WROT	G	1:00
	ANT	3	NBC	7 PM	NAT NEWS		:30
	USSB	4	HBO	7 PM	FREE WLY 2	G	1:50

TABLE 3C

							6:55 PM
SEL	SERV	CH	STATION	TIME	TITLE	RATING	LENGTH
*	CAB1	2	CBS	7 PM	MURDER SHE	G	1:00
	ANT	3	NBC	7 PM	NATIONAL N		:30
	USSB	4	HBO	7 PM	FREE WILLY	G	1:50

[0057] Although the invention as described above is directed to display of EPG information on a television receiver, the invention is not limited to that embodiment. Referring to figure 4, a second exemplary embodiment of the present invention is explained. In this exemplary embodiment, the EPG information may be aurally presented to the viewer. In this way the viewer may concentrate on the video display while listening to the EPG. This mode of transmission may be of particular interest to sports enthusiasts who are more interested in the video portion of a sporting event and desire a quick way of reviewing upcoming programs without looking away from the game.

[0058] In this embodiment, the audio presentation may be provided by the internal audio system 414 of the television receiver or through an external audio system 416. The retrieved EPG information, as in the first embodiment, may be predefined by the user via a menu system. Furthermore, the EPG audio 416 may be mixed with the audio signal of the video display or may replace the audio portion of the video program. When information is presented aurally, program titles need not be abbreviated. Field format may be preserved by having field name spoken before field contents.

[0059] Figure 5 shows the signal flow and control within the television receiver for this exemplary embodiment. In this figure, elements 504, 506, 518, 520, 522, 524, 526, and 528 perform at least the identical functions of elements 204, 206, 218, 220, 222, 224, 226, and 228, respectively, of figure 2. In addition, processor 524 controls text to audio converter 530 (converter). Converter 530 may, for example, be implemented in hardware, software or a combination of hardware and software. Converter 530 receives text data from processor 520 and, under control of processor 524, converts this text into audio information. This audio information is provided to audio system 532 and/or to external audio system 416 (shown in figure 4). The audio information may be presented to the viewer in lieu of, or as an enhancement to, the visual presentation of the EPGs. Additional information on the preprocessing of text prior to conversion to speech can be found in O'Malley, "Text-to-Speech Conversion Technology", Computer, Vol. 23, No. 8, August 1990, pp. 17-23.

[0060] Although the invention is illustrated and described herein, the invention is not intended to be limited to the details shown. Rather, various modifications may be made within the scope of the claims and without departing from the invention.

Claims

1. Apparatus to provide a subscriber with Electronic Program Guide, EPG, information on a television receiver (100) having an on-screen display device (224) which is used to display control menus for the television receiver, the apparatus being for use with an Electronic Program Guide Server, EPGS, (108), the apparatus comprising:

a bi-directional communication link (106, 206) interconnecting the television receiver (100) and the EPGS (108),

a database (112) included in the EPGS (108) containing at least one of:

- a) TV schedule information for substantially all terrestrial broadcast TV stations in a predetermined area,
- b) TV schedule information for substantially all cable companies in the predetermined area,
- c) TV schedule information for substantially all satellite TV delivery services in the predetermined area,
- d) TV schedule information for substantially all telco TV delivery services in the predetermined area, and
- e) TV schedule information for substantially all other kinds of available TV service to the home in the predetermined area,

selection means for selecting data from the database (112) of the EPGS for presentation to the subscriber,

requesting means (220) in the television receiver (100) for requesting data from the EPGS over the bi-directional communication link (106, 206),

receiving means (104, 204) in the television receiver (100) for receiving the requested data over the bi-directional communication link (106, 206), the requested data being separate from a video input signal received by the television receiver, and

processing means (220) for processing the data from said receiving means (104, 204) into data formatted for display using the on-screen display device (224) of the television receiver (100), and for providing the formatted text data to the on-screen display device (224) to the exclusion of graphic data.

2. An apparatus according to claim 1, wherein the database contains data based on at least one of:

- a) nationwide,
- b) a regional, and
- c) a statewide

data.

3. An apparatus according to claim 1, further comprising:

memory means for storing the received data from said receiving means (104, 204), wherein said processing means (220) processes the data from said memory means into the formatted data.

4. An apparatus according to claim 1, wherein the data conforms to a closed caption protocol and is decoded using a closed caption device contained in the television receiver.

5. An apparatus according to claim 1, wherein the formatted data is formatted for display in a foreground portion of a received video image.

6. An apparatus according to claim 1, wherein the received data is encoded with time information and title information.

7. An apparatus according to claim 1, wherein the received data further contains at least one of:

- a) a program rating,
- b) a program summary, and
- c) a capsule review

of a respective program.

8. An apparatus according to claim 1, wherein said selection means is contained in the television receiver (100) and the data selected is a subset of the data in the database and the selection is based upon at least one of:

- a) a predetermined menu generated by the television receiver,
- b) a scan list generated by the television receiver,
- c) a time frame, and
- d) a program type.

9. An apparatus according to claim 1, wherein the received data includes time data for updating an internal clock of the television receiver.

10. An apparatus according to claim 1, wherein a user profile is provided to the EPGS by the television receiver, the user profile including at least one of:

- a) subscriber address,
- b) telephone exchange information,
- c) area code information,
- d) a satellite TV service provider to which the user subscribes,
- e) a local telco delivery service to which the user subscribes, and
- e) other types of enrollment information.

11. An apparatus according to claim 10, wherein the user profile is created when the user initially subscribes to the EPGS.

12. An apparatus according to claim 10, wherein the selection means is contained in the EPGS and selects the data based on the user profile.

13. An apparatus according to claim 10, wherein:

said selection means consists of an EPGS selection means and a television receiver selection means,

said EPGS selection means selects the data based on the user profile, and

said television receiver selection means further selects data based upon at least one of:

- a) a predetermined menu generated by the television receiver,
- b) a scan list generated by the television receiver,
- c) a time frame, and
- d) a program type.

14. An apparatus according to claim 1, wherein

- a) the communications link is a telephone connection,
- b) the EPGS uses telephone exchange information of the subscriber to determine available television stations, and
- c) the telephone exchange information is extracted from the telephone connection.

15. An apparatus according to claim 1, wherein the bi-directional communication link is one of a telephone line and a cable television line.

16. An apparatus according to claim 1 wherein:

the processing means (220) processes the data received by the receiving means (104, 204) into text data and the apparatus further comprises:

conversion means (530) for converting the formatted text data from said processing means into audio information, and

audio means (532) for providing the audio information to a speaker system of the television receiver (100).

17. An apparatus according to claim 16, wherein said audio information is substituted for an audio signal of a respective

video input signal.

18. An apparatus according to claim 16, wherein said audio information is blended with an audio signal of a respective video input signal.

19. A method for providing Electronic Program Guide, EPG, information from an Electronic Program Guide Server, EPGS, to a television receiver (100) with an on-screen display device which is used to display control menus for the television receiver, the method comprising the steps of:

- a) connecting the television receiver (100) and the EPGS (108) with a bi-directional communications link (106),
- b) requesting data from the EPGS over the bi-directional communications link (106),
- c) receiving the data of step a) into the television receiver (100) over the bi-directional communications link (106),
- d) storing the received data of step b) into a memory,
- e) processing the data stored in step d) into text data formatted for display using the on-screen display device, and
- f) providing the formatted text data to the television receiver (100) on-screen display device (102) to the exclusion of graphical data.

Patentansprüche

1. Vorrichtung um einem Teilnehmer eine elektrische Programmübersicht, EPG, Information auf einem Fernsehempfänger (100) mit einer auf dem Schirm Anzeigevorrichtung (224) zur Verfügung zu stellen, welche verwendet wird, um Steuermenüs für den Fernsehempfänger anzuzeigen, wobei die Vorrichtung geeignet ist zur Verwendung mit einem elektronischen Programmübersichts-Server, EPGS (108), wobei die Vorrichtung aufweist:

eine bi-direktionale Kommunikationsverbindung (106, 206), welche den Fernsehempfänger (100) und den EPGS (108) verbindet,
eine Datenbank (112), welche in dem EPGS (108) enthalten ist und mindestens eins enthält aus:

- a) einer TV Zeitplaninformation für im Wesentlichen alle terrestrischen Rundfunk TV Stationen in einem vorgegebenen Gebiet,
- b) einer TV Zeitplaninformation für im Wesentlichen alle Kabelfirmen in dem vorgegebenen Gebiet,
- c) einer TV Zeitplaninformation für im Wesentlichen alle Satelliten TV Lieferdienste in dem vorgegebenen Gebiet,
- d) einer TV Zeitplaninformation für im Wesentlichen alle Telefongesellschafts- TV Lieferdienste in dem vorgegebenen Gebiet, und
- e) einer TV Zeitplaninformation für im Wesentlichen alle anderen Arten eines verfügbaren TV Dienstes für zu Hause in dem vorgegebenen Gebiet,

eine Auswahlvorrichtung zum Auswählen von Daten aus der Datenbank (112) des EPGS zur Darstellung für den Teilnehmer,

eine Anfragevorrichtung (220) in dem Fernsehempfänger (100) zur Anforderung von Daten von dem EPGS über die bi-direktionale Kommunikationsverbindung (106,206),

eine Empfangsvorrichtung (104, 204) in dem Fernsehempfänger (100) zum Empfangen der angeforderten Daten über die bi-direktionale Kommunikationsverbindung (106, 206), wobei die angeforderten Daten von einem Video-Eingangssignal getrennt sind, welches empfangen wird durch den Fernsehempfänger, und eine Verarbeitungsvorrichtung (220) zur Verarbeitung der Daten von der Empfangsvorrichtung (104, 204) zu Daten, welche formatiert sind zur Anzeige unter Verwendung der auf dem Schirm Anzeigevorrichtung (224) des Fernsehempfängers (100) und zum Liefern der formatierten Textdaten zu der auf dem Schirm Anzeigevorrichtung (224) mit Ausnahme von graphischen Daten.

2. Vorrichtung nach Anspruch 1, wobei die Datenbank Daten enthält, welche auf mindestens einem basieren aus:
- a) landesweiten,
 - b) regionalen, und
 - c) bundesstaatenweiten
- Daten.
3. Vorrichtung nach Anspruch 1, weiter aufweisend:
- eine Speichervorrichtung zum Speichern der empfangenen Daten von der Empfangsvorrichtung (104, 204), wobei die Verarbeitungsvorrichtung (220) die Daten von der Speichervorrichtung zu den formatierten Daten verarbeitet.
4. Vorrichtung nach Anspruch 1, wobei die Daten einem geschlossenen Untertitel (closed caption) Protokoll entsprechen und dekodiert werden unter Verwendung einer Vorrichtung für geschlossene Untertitel, welche in dem Fernsehempfänger enthalten ist.
5. Vorrichtung nach Anspruch 1, wobei die formatierten Daten formatiert sind zur Anzeige in einem Vordergrund-Teil eines empfangenen Videobildes.
6. Vorrichtung nach Anspruch 1, wobei die empfangenen Daten mit einer Zeitinformation und einer Titelinformation kodiert sind.
7. Vorrichtung nach Anspruch 1, wobei die empfangenen Daten weiter eines enthalten aus:
- a) einer Programmbeurteilung,
 - b) einer Programmkurzfassung, und
 - c) eine Kurzbesprechung
- eines jeweiligen Programms.
8. Vorrichtung nach Anspruch 1, wobei die Auswahlvorrichtung enthalten ist in dem Fernsehempfänger (100) und die ausgewählten Daten sind eine Teilmenge der Daten in der Datenbank und die Auswahl basiert auf mindestens eines aus:
- a) einem vorgegebenen Menü, erzeugt von dem Fernsehempfänger,
 - b) einer Durchsuchungsliste, erzeugt von dem Fernsehempfänger,
 - c) einem Zeitrahmen, und
 - d) einem Programmtyp.
9. Vorrichtung nach Anspruch 1, wobei die empfangenen Daten Zeitdaten zum Aktualisieren einer internen Uhr des Fernsehempfängers enthalten.
10. Vorrichtung nach Anspruch 1, wobei ein Benutzerprofil dem EPGS durch den Fernsehempfänger zur Verfügung gestellt wird, wobei das Benutzerprofil mindestens eins enthält aus:
- a) einer Teilnehmeradresse,
 - b) einer Telefonaustauschinformation,
 - c) einer Gebietscodeinformation,
 - d) einem Satelliten TV Dienstanbieter, bei welchem der Benutzer teilnimmt,
 - e) einem lokalen Telekommunikations-Lieferservice, bei welchem der Benutzer teilnimmt, und
 - e) andere Arten einer Registrierungs-Information.
11. Vorrichtung nach Anspruch 10, wobei das Benutzerprofil erzeugt wird, wenn der Benutzer erstmalig bei dem EPGS teilnimmt bzw. abonniert.
12. Vorrichtung nach Anspruch 10, wobei die Auswahlvorrichtung in dem EPGS enthalten ist und die Daten basierend

auf dem Benutzerprofil auswählt.

13. Vorrichtung nach Anspruch 10, wobei:

- 5 die Auswahlvorrichtung aus einer EPGS Auswahlvorrichtung und einer Fernsehempfängerauswahlvorrichtung besteht.
 die EPGS Auswahlvorrichtung die Daten auswählt basierend auf dem Benutzerprofil, und
 die Fernsehempfänger-Auswahlvorrichtung weiter Daten auswählt basierend auf mindestens einem aus:
- 10 a) einem vorgegebenen Menü, erzeugt durch den Fernsehempfänger,
 b) einer Durchsuchungsliste, erzeugt von dem Fernsehempfänger,
 c) einem Zeitrahmen, und
 d) einem Programmtyp.

15 **14. Vorrichtung nach Anspruch 1, wobei**

- a) die Kommunikationsverbindung eine Telefonverbindung ist,
 b) der EPGS eine Telefonaustauschinformation des Teilnehmers verwendet, um verfügbare Telefonstationen zu bestimmen, und
20 c) die Telefonaustauschinformation wird aus der Telefonverbindung gewonnen.

15. Vorrichtung nach Anspruch 1, wobei die bi-direktionale Kommunikationsverbindung eine Telefonleitung oder eine Kabel-Femseh-Leitung.

25 **16. Vorrichtung nach Anspruch 1, wobei:**

- die Verarbeitungsvorrichtung (220) die Daten verarbeitet, welche von der Empfangsvorrichtung (104, 204) empfangen werden, zu Text-Daten, und die Vorrichtung weist weiter auf:
- 30 eine Umwandlungsvorrichtung (530) zur Umwandlung der formatierten Text-Daten von der Verarbeitungsvorrichtung in eine Audio-Information, und
 eine Audiovorrichtung (532) zum Liefern der Audio-Information zu einem Lautsprechersystem des Fernsehempfängers (100).

35 **17. Vorrichtung nach Anspruch 16, wobei die Audio-Information ersetzt wird für ein Audio-Signal eines jeweiligen Video-Eingangssignals.**

18. Vorrichtung nach Anspruch 16, wobei die Audio-Information gemischt wird mit einem Audio-Signal eines jeweiligen Video-Eingangssignals.

40

19. Verfahren zum Liefern einer elektronischen Programmübersicht, EPG, Information von einem elektronischen Programmübersichts-Server, EPGS, an einen Fernsehempfänger (100) mit einer auf dem Schirm Anzeigevorrichtung, welche verwendet wird, um Steueremenüs für den Fernsehempfänger darzustellen, wobei das Verfahren die Schritte aufweist:

45

- a) Verbinden des Fernsehempfängers (100) und des EPGS (108) mit einer bidirektionalen Kommunikationsverbindung (106),
 b) Anfordern von Daten von dem EPGS über die bi-direktionale Kommunikationsverbindung (106),
 c) Empfangen der Daten von Schritt a) in dem Fernsehempfänger (100) über die bi-direktionale Kommunikationsverbindung (106),
50 d) Speichern der empfangenen Daten von Schritt b) in einem Speicher,
 e) Verarbeiten der Daten, welche in Schritt d) gespeichert wurden, zu Text-Daten, formatiert zur Anzeige unter Verwendung der auf dem Schirm Anzeigevorrichtung, und
 f) Liefern der formatierten Text-Daten an die Fernsehempfänger (100) auf dem Schirm Anzeigevorrichtung
55 (102) mit der Ausnahme von graphischen Daten.

Revendications

1. Appareil pour fournir à un abonné une information de guide électronique de programme, EPG, sur un récepteur (100) de télévision ayant un dispositif (224) d'affichage sur écran qui est utilisé pour afficher des menus de commande pour le récepteur de télévision, l'appareil étant à utiliser avec un serveur de guide électronique de programme, EPGS, (108), l'appareil comprenant :
 - une liaison de communication bidirectionnelle (106, 206), interconnectant le récepteur de télévision (100) et l'EPGS (108),
 - une base de données (112) incluse dans l'EPGS (108) contenant au moins l'un des éléments suivants :
 - a) une information de programme TV pour pratiquement toutes les stations TV à émission terrestre dans une zone prédéterminée,
 - b) une information sur les programmes TV pour sensiblement toutes les compagnies de câble dans la zone prédéterminée,
 - c) une information de programme TV pour sensiblement tous les services de fourniture de TV par satellite dans la zone prédéterminée,
 - d) une information de programme TV pour sensiblement tous les services de fourniture TV par communication téléphonique dans la zone prédéterminée, et
 - e) des informations de programme TV pour sensiblement tous les autres types de services TV domestiques disponibles dans la zone prédéterminée,
 - des moyens de sélection pour sélectionner des données de la base de données (112) de l'EPGS pour la présentation à l'abonné,
 - des moyens (220) de requête dans le récepteur (100) de télévision pour requérir des données de l'EPGS par la liaison de communication bidirectionnelle (106, 206),
 - des moyens de réceptions (104, 204) dans le récepteur (100) de télévision pour recevoir les données requises par la liaison (106, 206) de communication bidirectionnelle, les données requises étant séparées d'un signal d'entrée vidéo reçu par le récepteur de télévision, et
 - des moyens (220) de traitement pour traiter les données desdits moyens de réception (104, 204) en des données formatées pour l'affichage en utilisant le dispositif (224) d'affichage à écran du récepteur (100) de télévision, et pour fournir des données de texte formatées au dispositif d'affichage à écran (224) à l'exclusion de données graphiques.
2. Appareil selon la revendication 1, dans lequel la base de données contient des données basées sur au moins une des données suivantes :
 - a) des données nationales,
 - b) des données régionales, et
 - c) des données par états.
3. Appareil selon la revendication 1, comprenant en outre :
 - des moyens de mémoire pour stocker les données reçues desdits moyens de réception (104, 204), appareil dans lequel lesdits moyens de traitement (220) traitent les données desdits moyens de mémoire en des données formatées.
4. Appareil selon la revendication 1, dans lequel les données sont conformes à un protocole de sous-titrage et sont décodées en utilisant un dispositif de sous-titrage contenu dans le récepteur de télévision.
5. Appareil selon la revendication 1 dans lequel les données formatées sont formatées pour affichage dans une partie de premier plan d'une image vidéo reçue.
6. Appareil selon la revendication 1, dans lequel les données reçues sont codées avec une information de temps et une information de titre.
7. Appareil selon la revendication 1, dans lequel les données reçues contiennent en outre au moins l'un des éléments suivants d'un programme respectif :

- a) un classement de programme,
- b) un résumé de programme, et
- c) une revue de résumés.

5 8. Appareil selon la revendication 1, dans lequel lesdits moyens de sélection sont contenus dans le récepteur de télévision (100) et les données sélectionnées sont un sous-ensemble des données dans la base de données et la sélection est basée sur au moins l'un des éléments suivants :

- 10
- a) un menu prédéterminé engendré par le récepteur de télévision,
 - b) une liste d'exploration engendrée par le récepteur de télévision,
 - c) un cadre de temps, et
 - d) un type de programme.

15 9. Appareil selon la revendication 1, dans lequel les données reçues comportent des données de temps pour la mise à jour d'une horloge interne du récepteur de télévision.

10. Appareil selon la revendication 1, dans lequel un profil d'utilisateur est fourni à l'EPGS par le récepteur de télévision, le profil d'utilisateur comportant au moins l'un des éléments suivants :

- 20
- a) une adresse d'abonné,
 - b) une information de numéro de téléphone,
 - c) une information de code de zone,
 - d) un fournisseur de services de TV par satellite auquel l'utilisateur est abonné,
 - e) un service local de fourniture de communication téléphonique auquel l'utilisateur est abonné, et
 - 25 f) d'autres types d'informations d'inscription.

11. Appareil selon la revendication 10 dans lequel le profil d'utilisateur est créé quand l'utilisateur s'abonne initialement à l'EPGS.

30 12. Appareil selon la revendication 10 dans lequel les moyens de sélection sont contenus dans l'EPGS et sélectionnent les données basées sur le profil d'utilisateur.

13. Appareil selon la revendication 10 dans lequel :

35 lesdits moyens de sélection consistent en des moyens de sélection d'EPGS et des moyens de sélection de récepteur de télévision, lesdits moyens de sélection d'EPGS sélectionnent les données basées sur le profil d'utilisateur, et lesdits moyens de sélection de récepteur de télévision sélectionnent en outre les données en se basant sur au moins l'un des éléments suivants :

- 40
- a) un menu prédéterminé engendré par le récepteur de télévision,
 - b) une liste d'exploration engendrée par le récepteur de télévision,
 - c) un cadre de temps, et
 - 45 d) un type de programme.

14. Appareil selon la revendication 1 dans lequel :

- 50
- a) la liaison de communication est une connexion par téléphone,
 - b) l'EPGS utilise des informations de numéro de téléphone de l'abonné pour déterminer les stations de télévision disponibles, et
 - c) les informations de numéro de téléphone sont extraites de la connexion par téléphone.

15. Appareil selon la revendication 1 dans lequel la liaison de communication bidirectionnelle est l'une des liaisons suivantes : une ligne de téléphone et une ligne de télévision par câble.

55 16. Appareil selon la revendication 1 dans lequel :

les moyens de traitement (220) traitent les données reçues par les moyens de réception (104, 204) en des

données de texte et l'appareil comprend en outre :

des moyens de conversion (530) pour convertir les données de texte formatées fournies par lesdits
moyens de traitement en des données d'informations audio, et
des moyens audio (530) pour fournir des informations audio à un système à haut-parleur du récepteur de
télévision (100) .

17. Appareil selon la revendication 16, dans lequel lesdites informations audio sont substituées à un signal audio d'un
signal d'entrée vidéo respectif.

18. Appareil selon la revendication 16, dans lequel lesdites informations audio sont mélangées à un signal audio d'un
signal d'entrée vidéo respectif.

19. Procédé pour fournir des informations de guide électronique de programme, EPG, à partir d'un serveur de guide
électronique de programme, EPGS, à un récepteur (100) de télévision comprenant un dispositif d'affichage sur
écran qui est utilisé pour afficher des menus de commande pour le récepteur de télévision, le procédé comprenant
les étapes consistant à :

a) connecter le récepteur de télévision (100) et l'EPGS (108) par l'intermédiaire d'une liaison de communication
bidirectionnelle (106),

b) requérir des données de l'EPGS par l'intermédiaire de la liaison de communication bidirectionnelle (106),

c) recevoir les données de l'étape a) dans le récepteur de télévision (100) par la liaison de communication
bidirectionnelle (106),

d) stocker les données reçues à l'étape b) dans une mémoire,

e) traiter les données stockées à l'étape d) en des données de texte formatées pour l'affichage en utilisant le
dispositif d'affichage sur écran, et

f) fournir les données de texte formatées au dispositif (102) d'affichage sur écran du récepteur de télévision
(100) à l'exclusion de données graphiques.

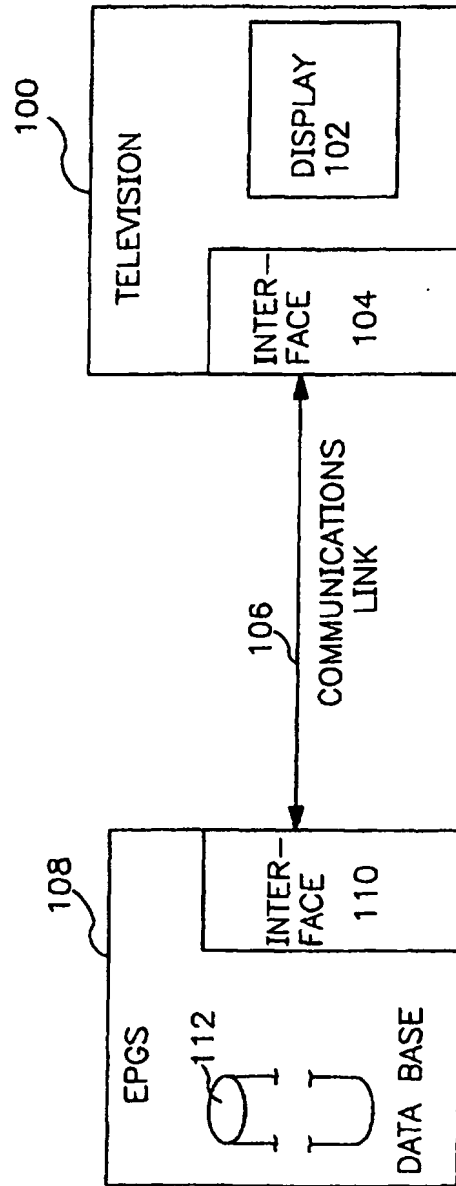


FIG. 1

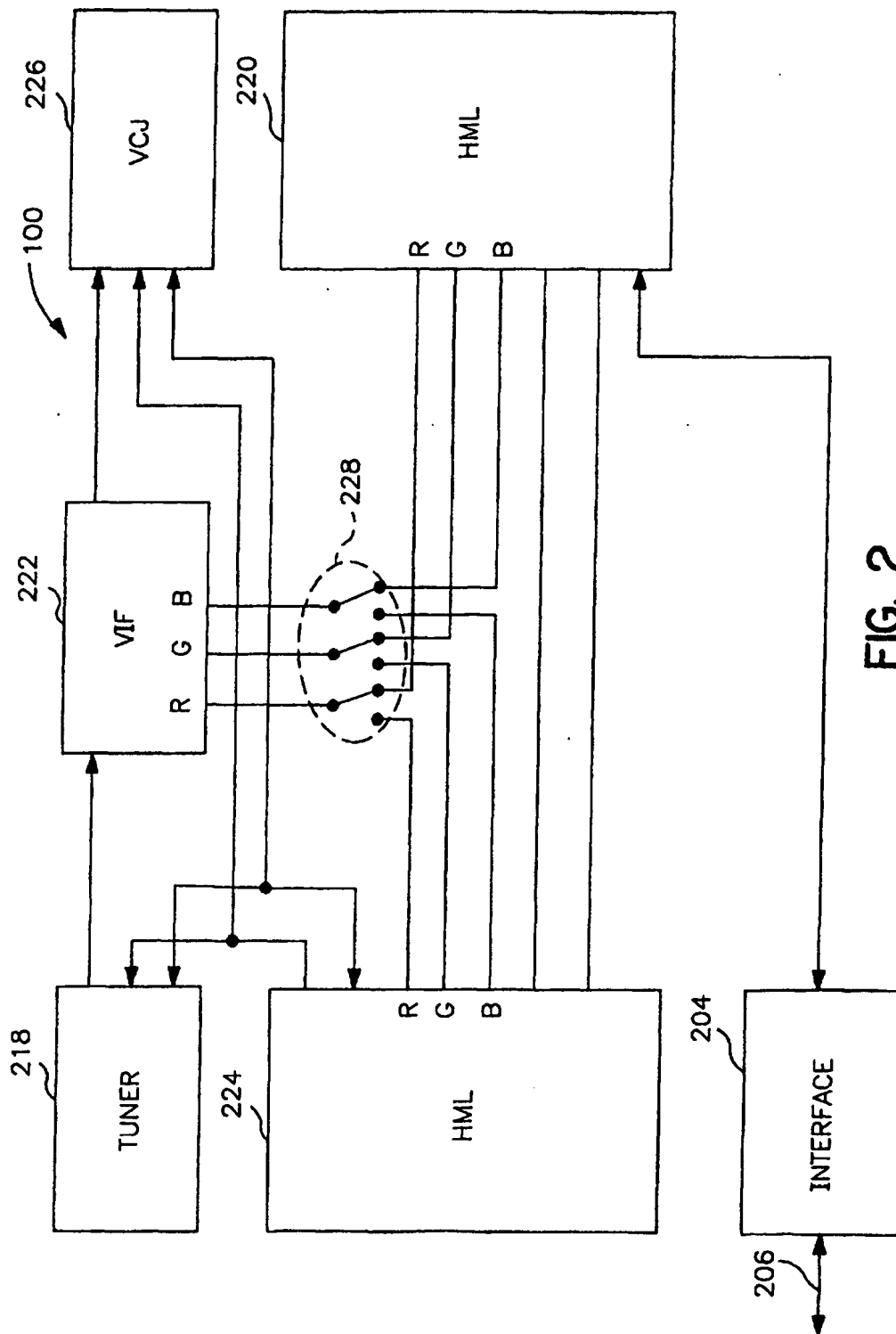


FIG. 2

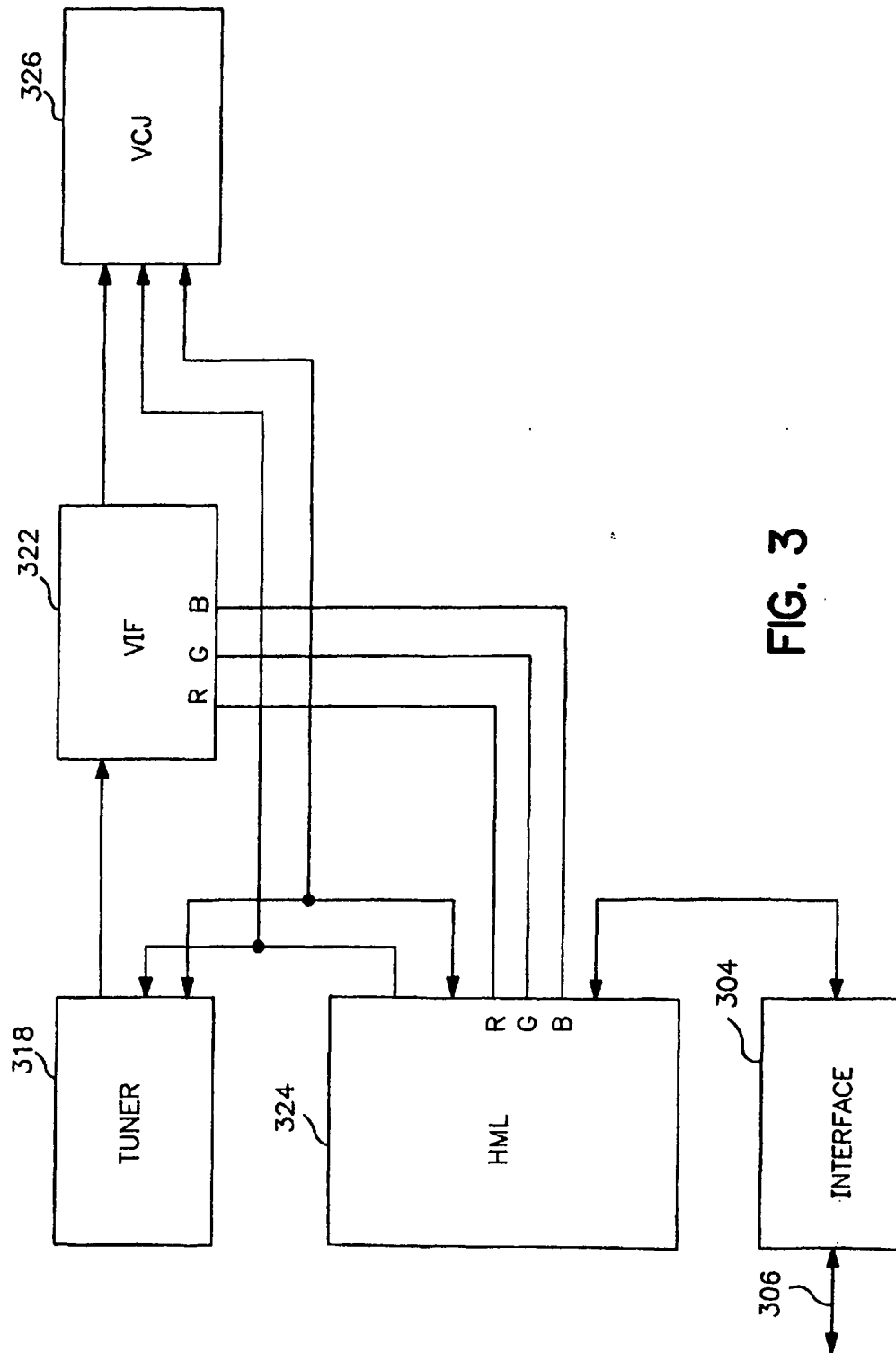


FIG. 3

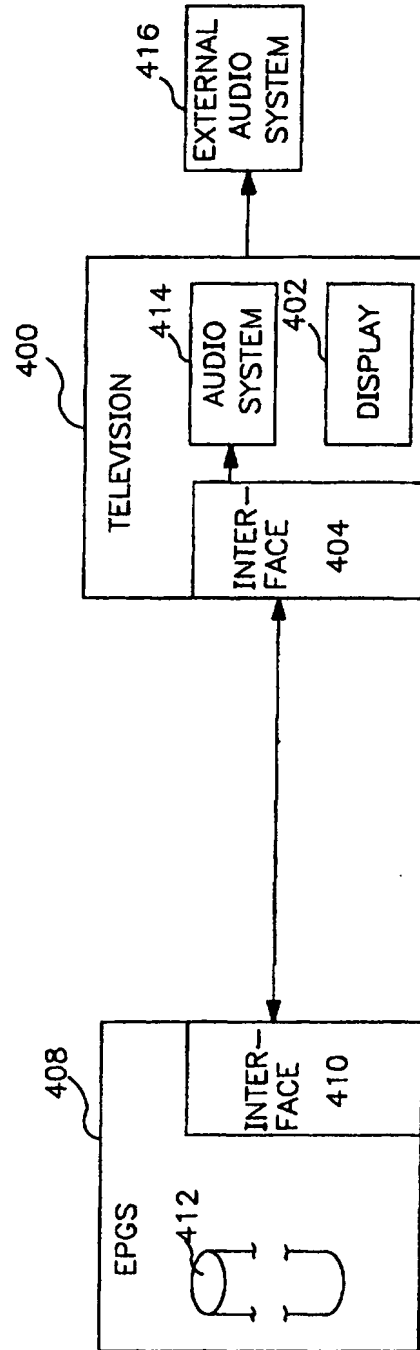


FIG. 4

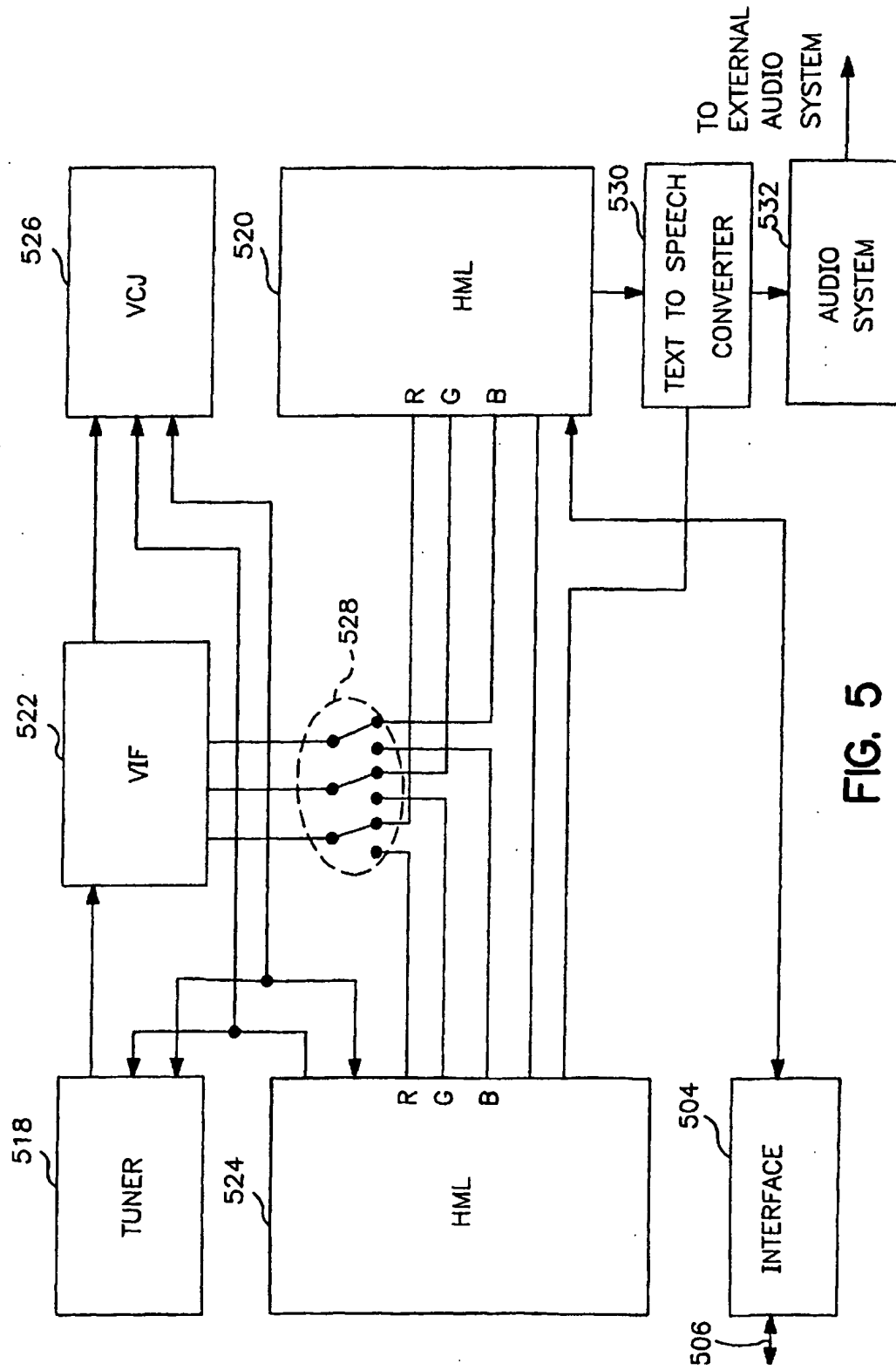


FIG. 5